

Developments of Taiheiyo Cement Group's innovative technologies for carbon neutrality

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Today's Topics

1. Carbon Neutral Strategy 2050
2. Development Status of Innovative Technologies for CCUS
3. Carbon Neutral Model Plant Plan
4. Summary and Future Development

Developments of Taiheiyo Cement Group's Initiatives

2015

Incorporated the CSR Objectives for 2025, which included a target of reducing greenhouse gas emissions, into the Mid-Term Management Plan.
(10% reduction in net CO₂ emissions intensity compared to 2000)

2019

- Endorsed the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD).
- Formulated the outline for the long-term vision of greenhouse gas emissions reduction towards 2050.

2020

Developed specific measures for the long-term vision of greenhouse gas emissions reduction towards 2050.

2021

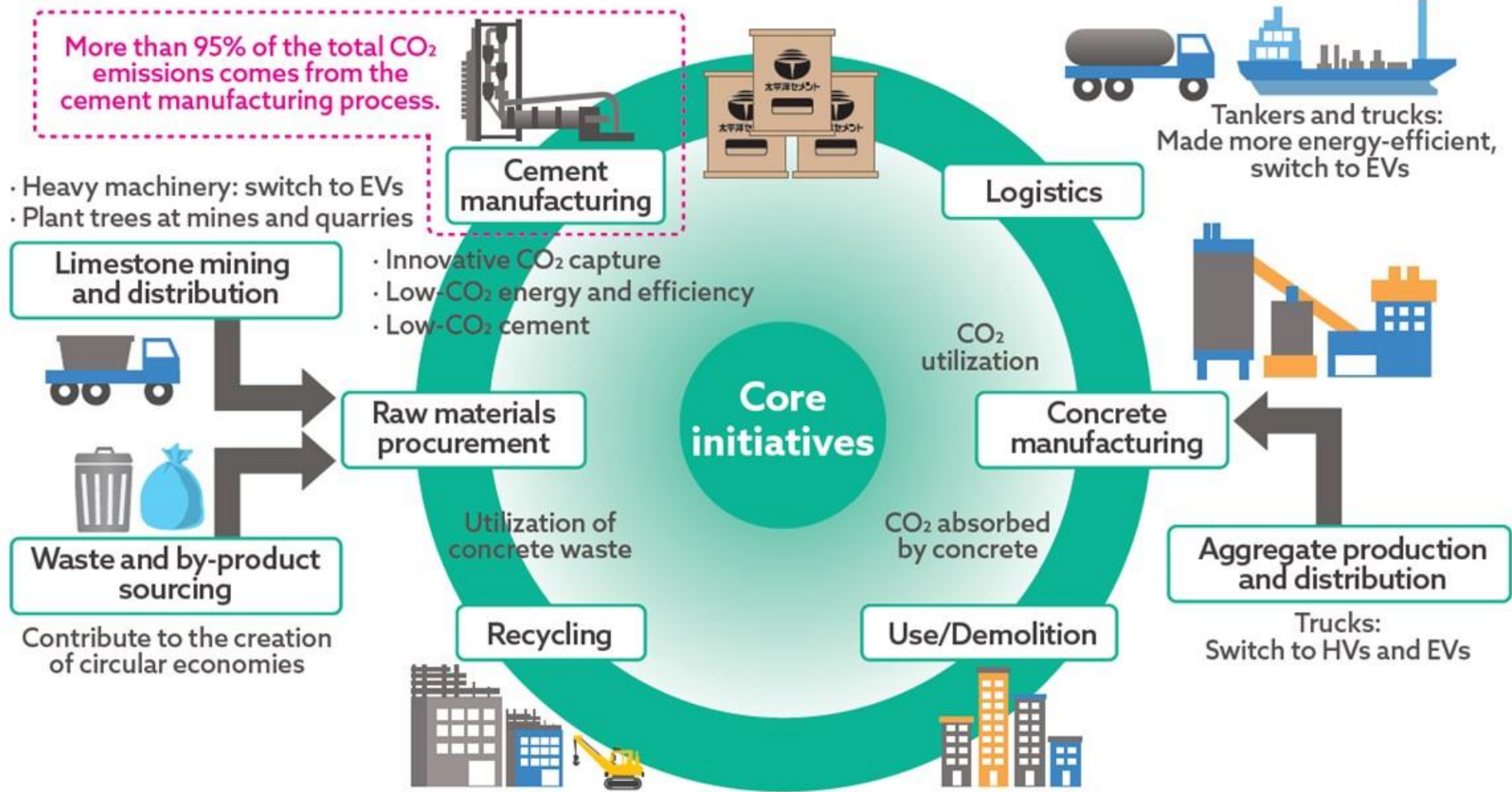
- Established a Carbon Neutral Technology Development Project Team to achieve carbon neutrality.
- Published the 2023 Mid-Term Management Plan in which the **Carbon Neutral Strategy 2050** was announced.

2022

Set up the **Technology Development Roadmap** and the **2030 Interim Target** for the **Carbon Neutral Strategy 2050**.

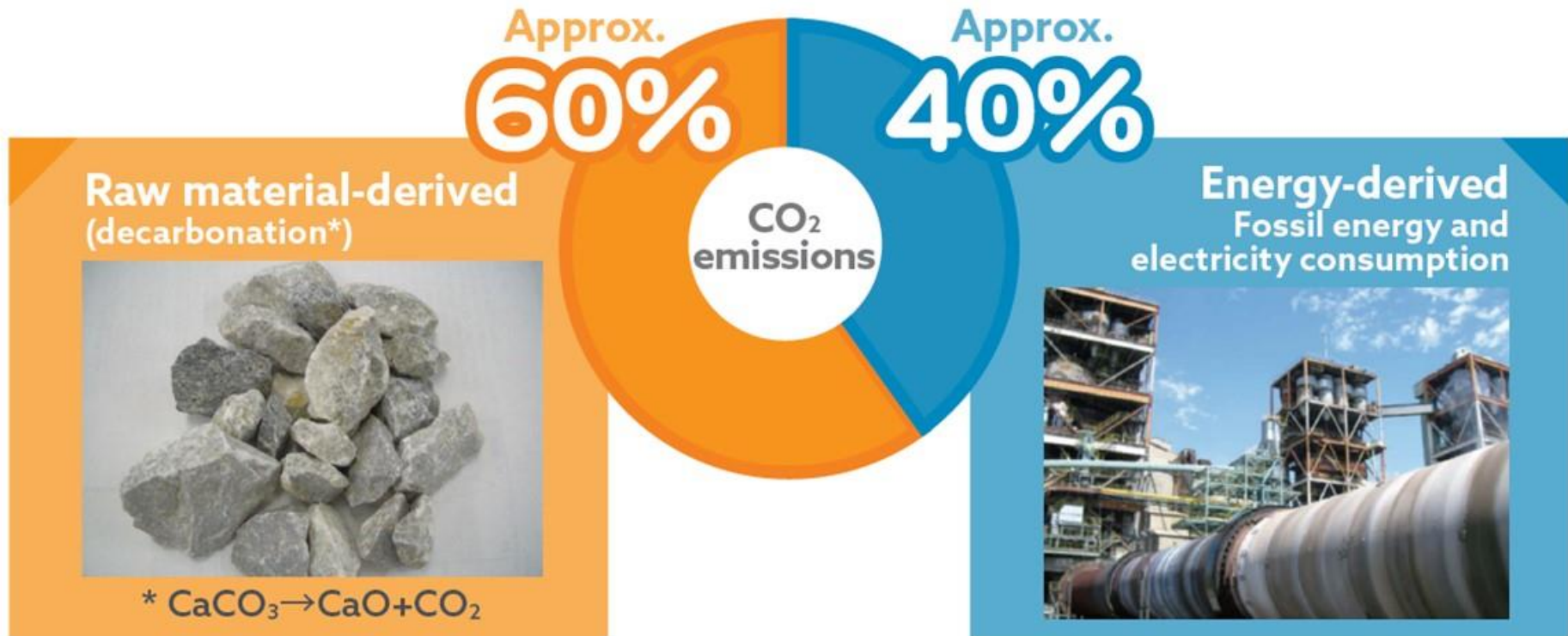
Supply Chain Initiatives for Carbon Neutrality

Actions in the supply chain



To make the entire supply chain carbon neutral by 2050.

CO₂ emissions from the cement production process



- CO₂ emissions from cement kiln (average): daily 2,500–3,000 tons/kiln
- About 60% comes from raw materials, and about 40% comes from energy use.

→ More than 50% of CO₂ emissions are derived from raw materials.

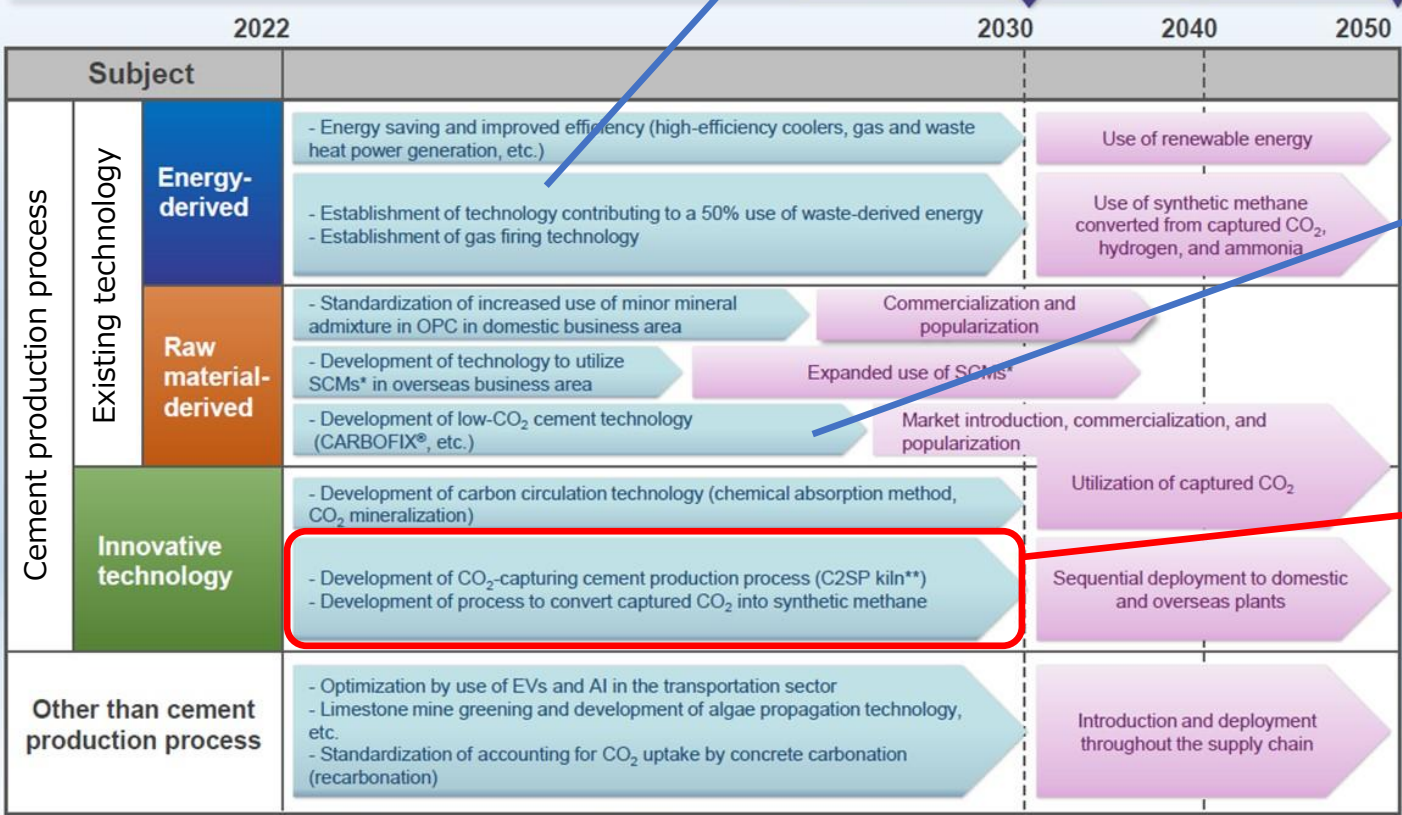
Technology Development Roadmap

- Establish technologies that contribute to 50% fossil energy replacement.
- Establish gas firing technology and study its introduction in our plants.

Taiheiyo Cement Group's CO₂ reduction targets

2030 interim target
(reduction of emissions intensity by 20% or more throughout the supply chain compared to 2000)

Carbon neutrality by 2050

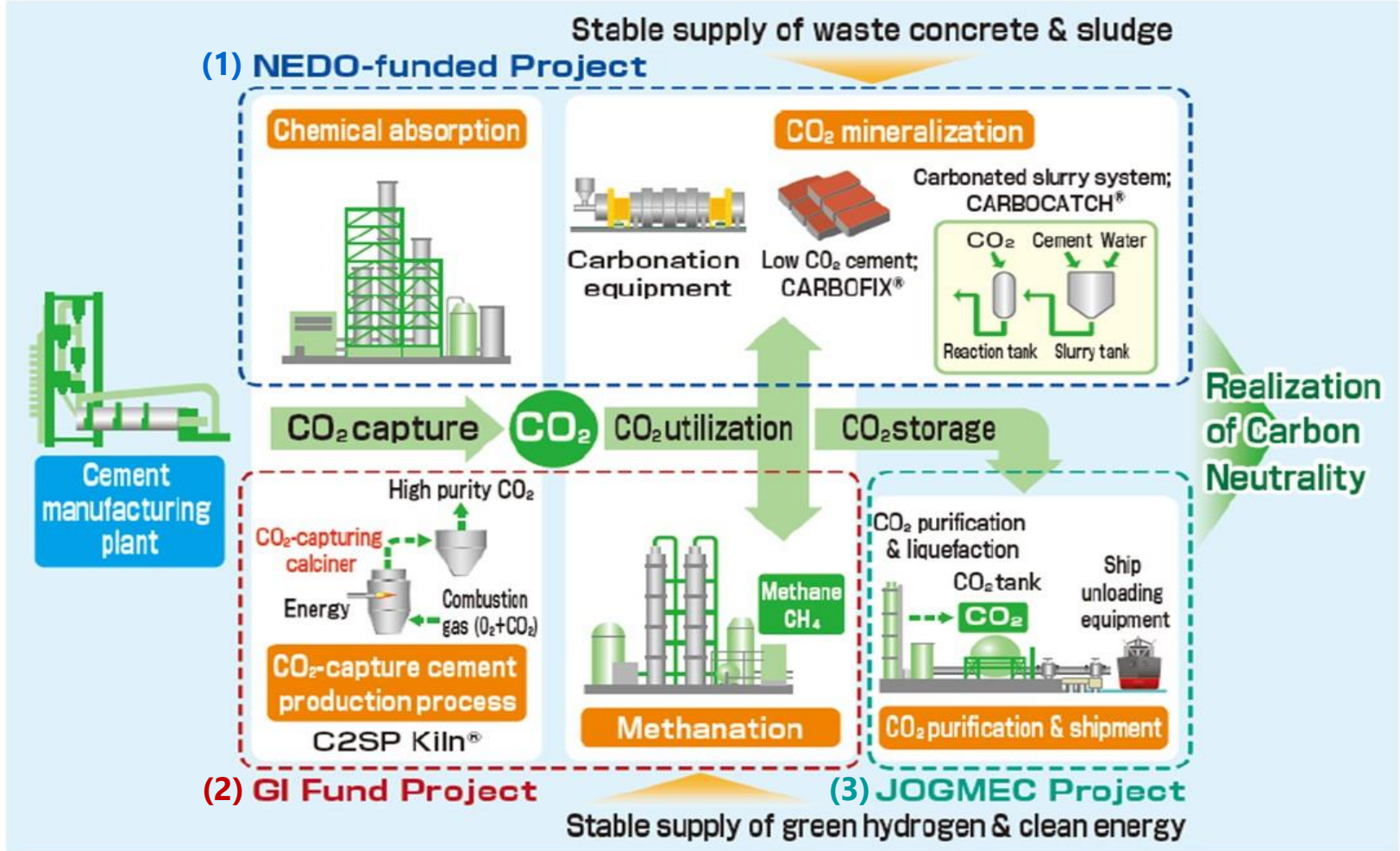


Develop and standardize technologies for use of SCMs. Develop low-CO₂ cement technologies.

Develop CO₂ capture and utilization technologies.

*Supplementary cementitious materials, **Trademark registration in process

CCUS-related Technological Development Projects

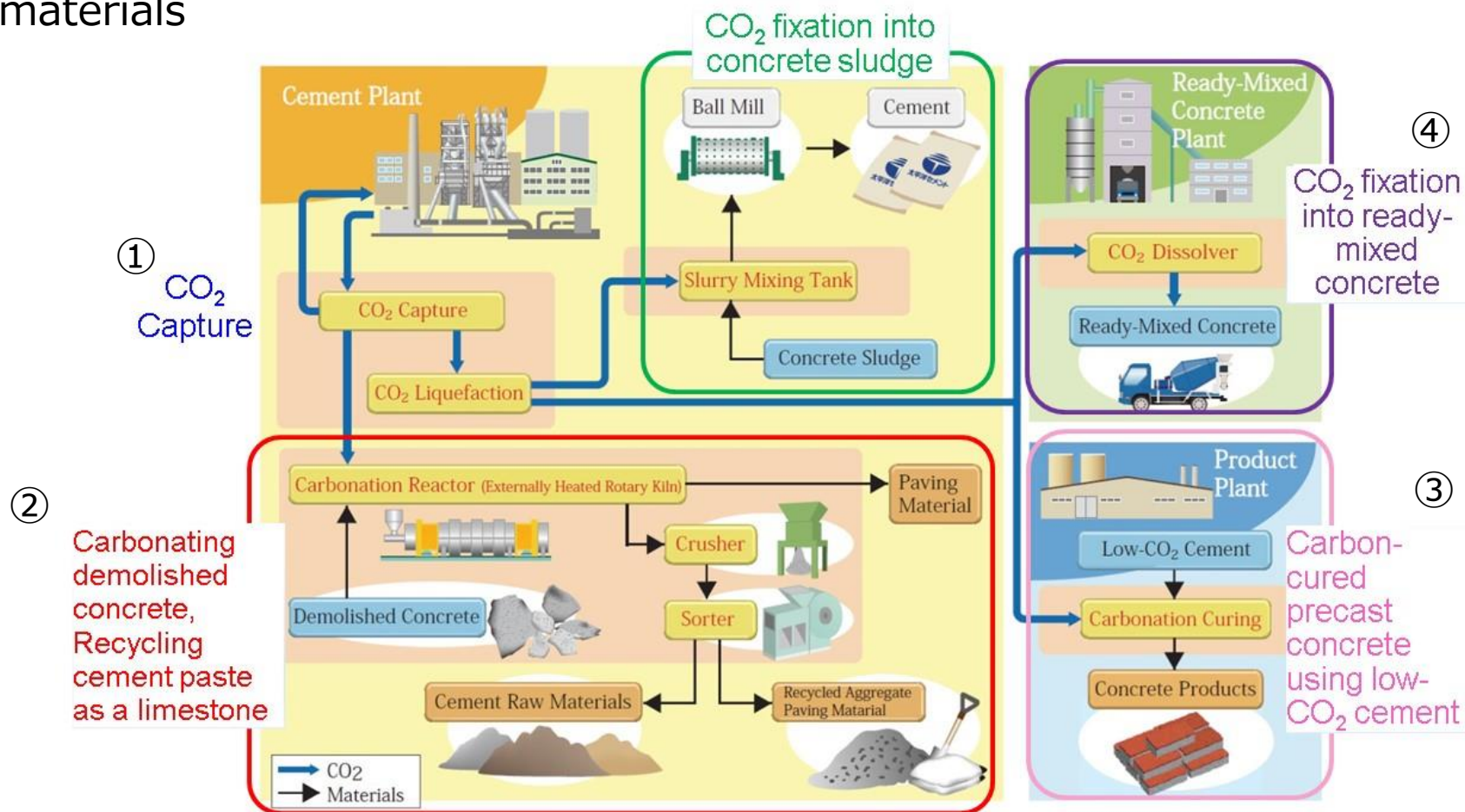


- Our technological development has been supported by various government subsidy programs, including **GI Fund** and others by **NEDO** and those by **JOGMEC**.

(1) NEDO Project (2020–2021*): Development of Carbon Circulation Technology for the Cement Sector

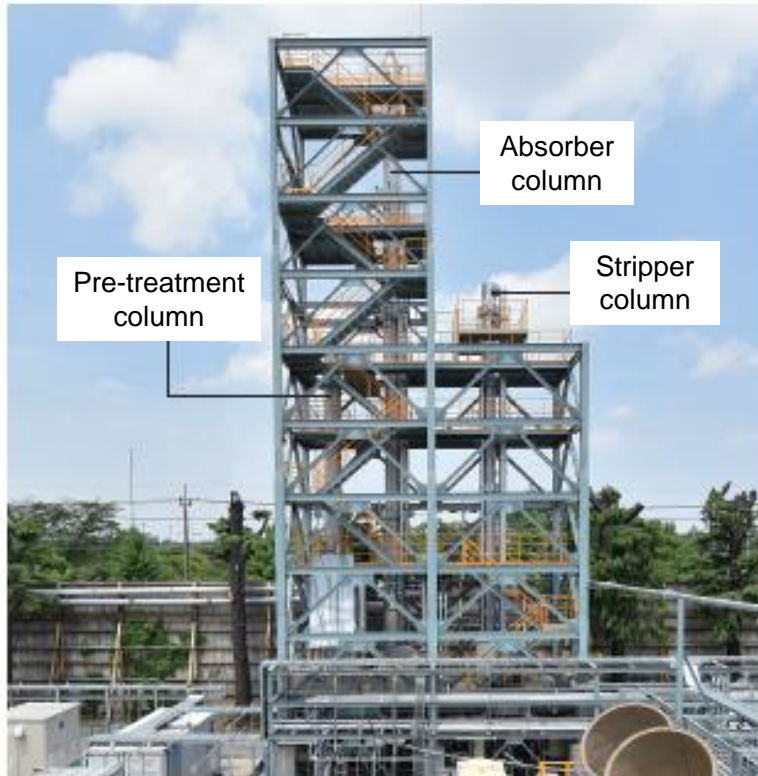
Themes:

- CO₂ capture technology: chemical absorption method (amine process)
- CO₂ utilization technology: CO₂ mineralization in cement and concrete materials



① CO₂ Capture from Kiln Exhaust Gas

Chemical absorption method



A complete set of equipment built in a frame for compact installation

«Plant specifications and results»

- Method: amine solution
- Plant height: 25 m
- CO₂ capture capacity: 10 t/day
- Concentration of captured CO₂: 99% or above
- In operation since December 2021.

Demonstration test is ongoing at a scale of 10 t/day, which is the first in Japan for a technology to capture CO₂ from actual kiln exhaust gas.

② CO₂ Sequestration in Waste Concrete

CO₂ sequestration demonstration plant (Kumagaya Plant)



General view

«Plant specifications and results»

- Method: rotary kiln
- Amount of waste concrete treated: 500 kg/h
- Amount of CO₂ fixed: up to 125 kg/t-cement

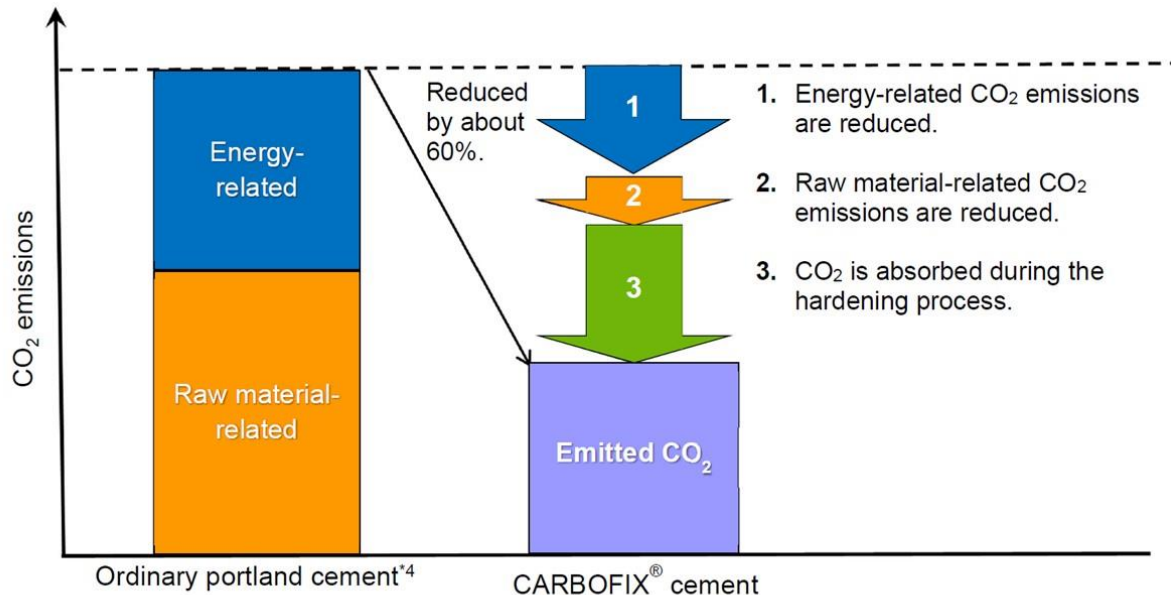


CO₂ sequestration reactor

③ Low-carbon Concrete Products Cured in CO₂ Atmosphere

CARBOFIX[®] cement

- CARBOFIX[®] cement uses less limestone and can be burnt at lower temperatures compared to ordinary portland cement, thereby **reducing the raw material-derived and energy-derived CO₂ released during manufacturing.**
- High strength is developed by **absorbing CO₂ (fixed in the form of CaCO₃)** during hardening.
- As a result, **up to 60% reduction** is achieved in **CO₂ emissions.**



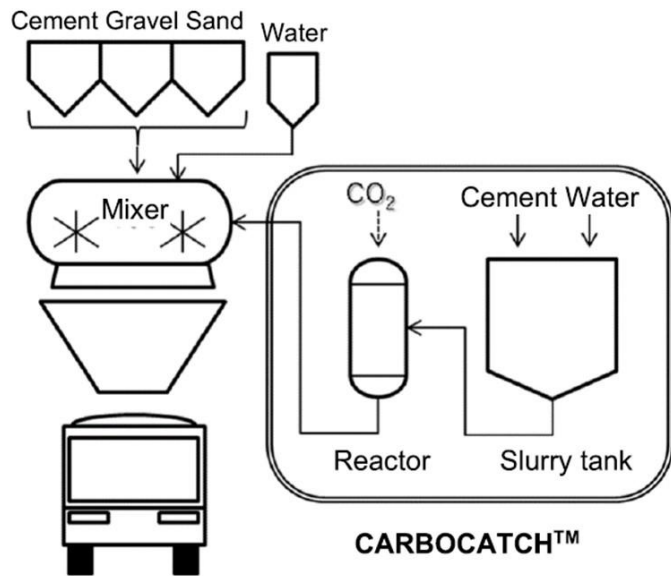
Appearance of CARBOFIX

Figure 1. An example of CO₂ emissions of a concrete product using CARBOFIX cement

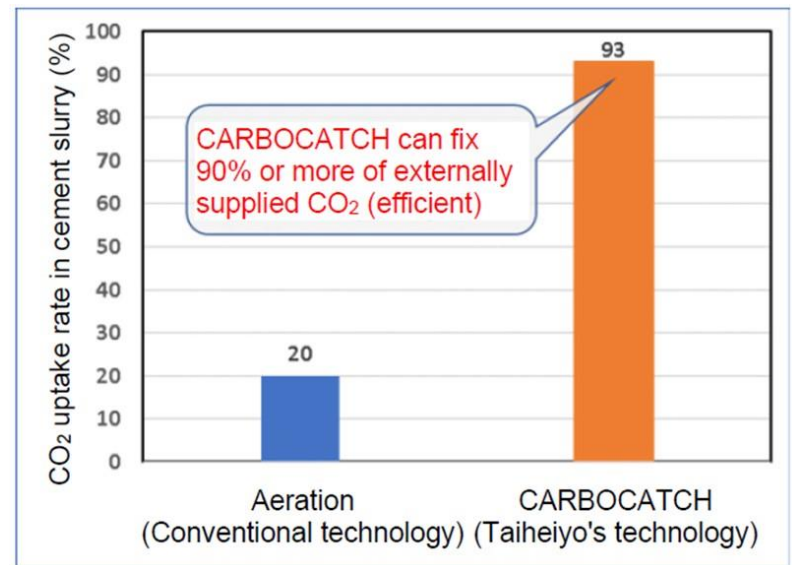
④ CO₂ Sequestration in Fresh Concrete

CARBOCATCH®

- A system that **fixes CO₂** in cement slurry at a high efficiency (**reaction efficiency: over 90%**) while the slurry is circulated through a reaction bath filled with CO₂.
- Applicable to both precast concrete and ready-mixed concrete, and **capable of fixing about 8–20 kg of CO₂ per 1 m³ of concrete** (depending on the concrete mix proportions).
- **Equivalent to ordinary concrete in strength development and durability.**



Conceptual diagram of CARBOCATCH®



CO₂ uptake rate in CARBOCATCH® slurry

④ CO₂ Sequestration in Fresh Concrete

Applications of CARBOCATCH® slurry



Photo 2. Wave-dissipating concrete block manufactured by using CARBOCATCH slurry



Photo 3. Precast concrete products (continuous foundation blocks for guardrail) manufactured by using CARBOCATCH slurry

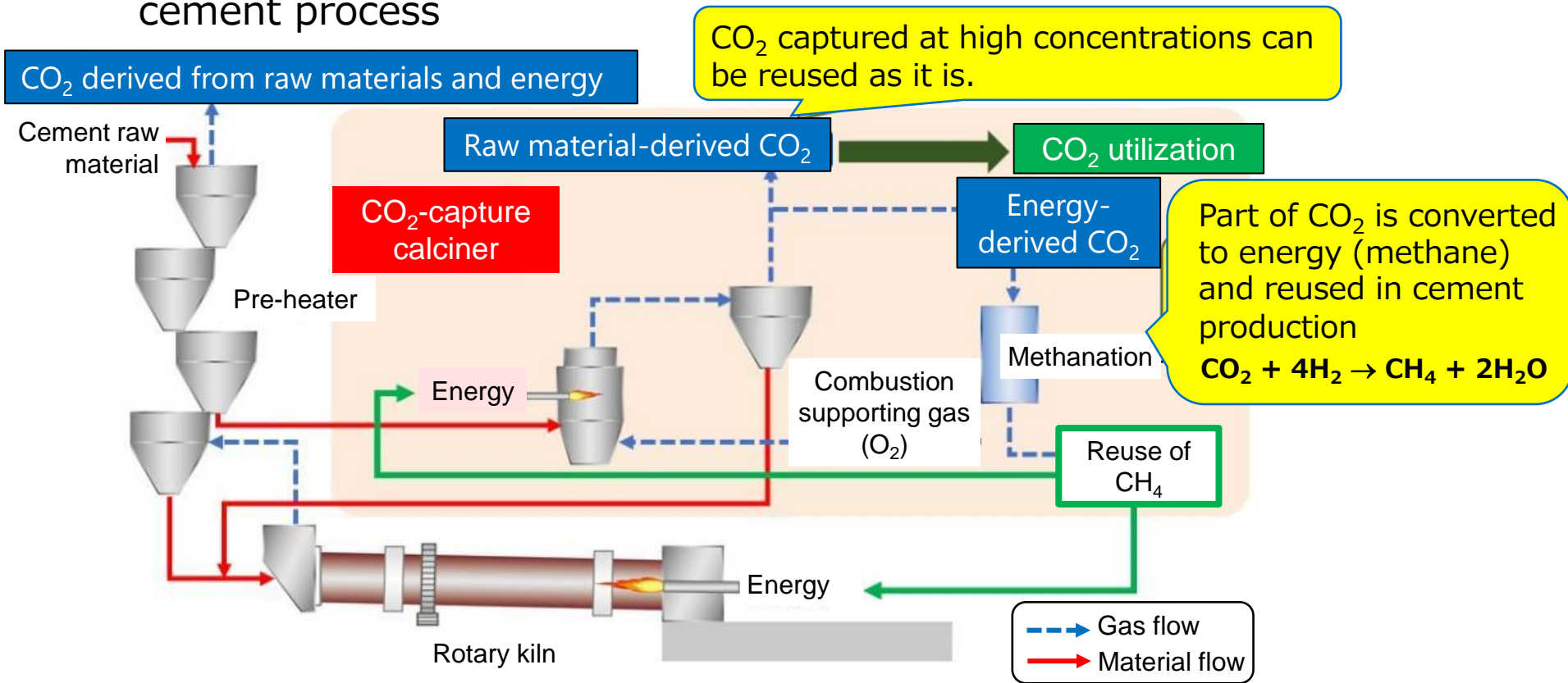


Photo 4. Test construction of pavement concrete using CARBOCATCH slurry

(2) GI Fund Project (2021–): Development of CO₂-capturing Cement Production Process

Themes:

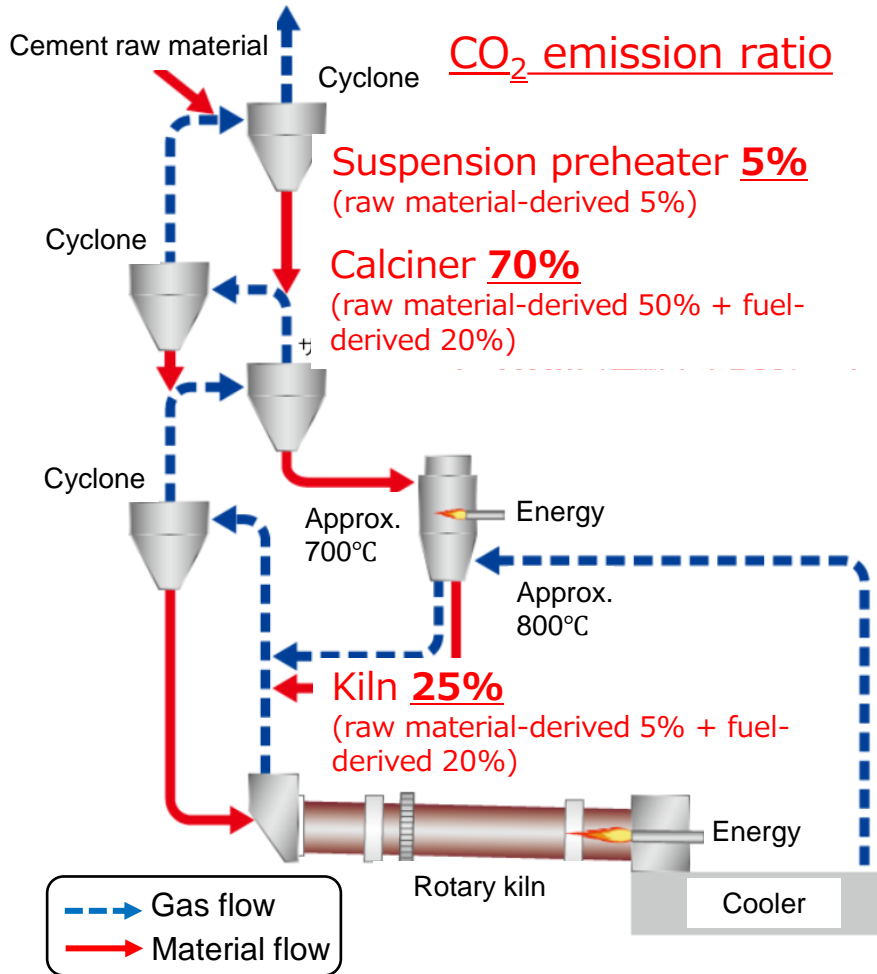
- CO₂ capture technology: CO₂-capture calciner (C2SP kiln^{®*})
- CO₂ utilization technology: methanation technology suitable for the cement process



Cement production process incorporating a CO₂ capture system

(2-1) Development of CO₂-capture Calciner

Overview of conventional cement kilns (NSP kilns*)



Suspension Preheater

A heat exchanger that consists of four or five stages of cyclones. Preheats raw materials to about 700°C by using hot kiln exhaust gas.

Calciner

Calcines raw materials (decarbonates limestone), with energy source supplied.
⇒ Decarbonation rate: 80–90%

Rotary kiln

Burns decarbonated raw materials at about 1450°C to produce clinker, with energy source supplied.

Cooler

Cools hot clinker with air. Part of the hot (about 800°C) air after heat exchange is used as a

NSP kiln(New Suspension Preheater kiln)
*Suspension preheater kiln equipped with a calciner.

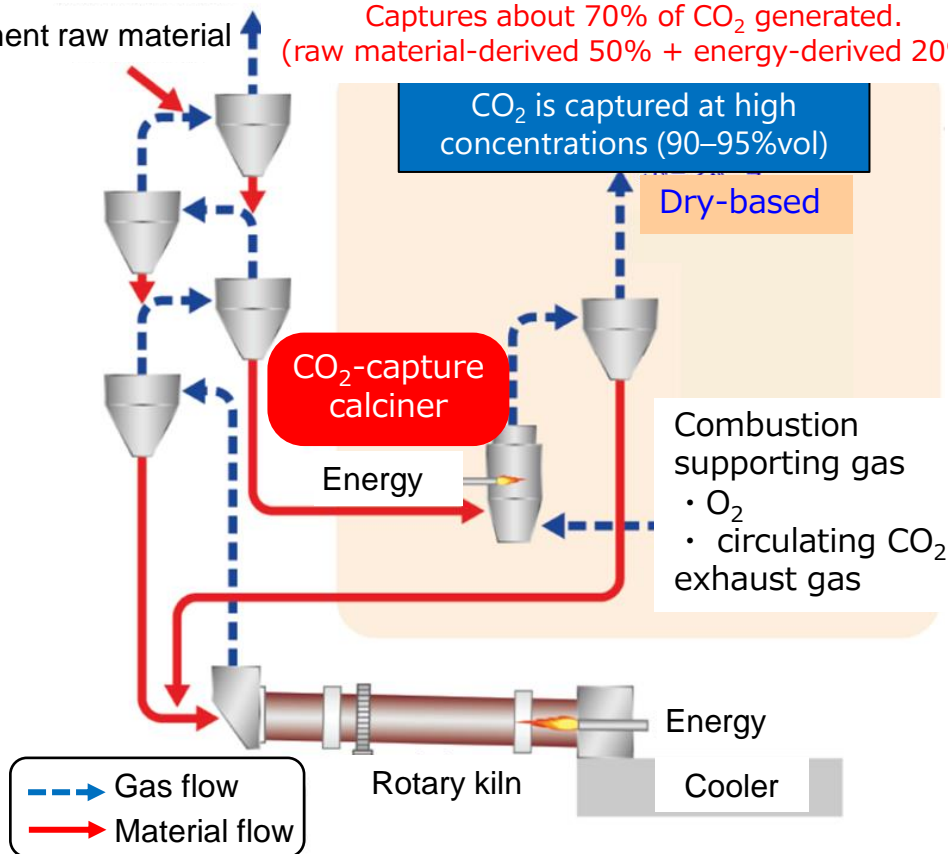
Our GI Fund project aims to develop technologies to efficiently capture CO₂ generated in the calciner (70% of the amount generated).

(2-1) Development of CO₂-capture Calciner

Overview of the CO₂-capture calciner

Approx. 30% of CO₂ generated
(raw material-derived 10% + energy-derived 20%)

Captures about 70% of CO₂ generated.
(raw material-derived 50% + energy-derived 20%)



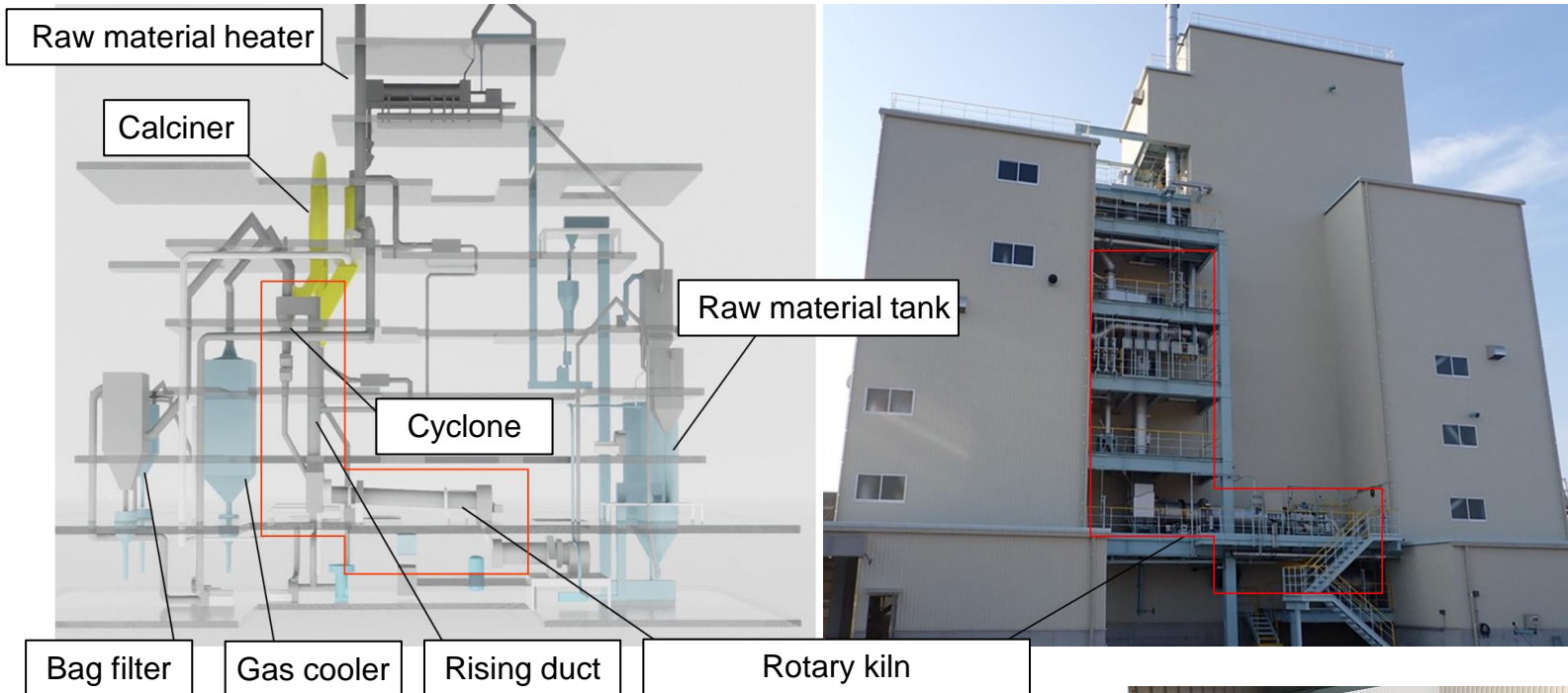
- **Compact CO₂ capture system**
 - Taiheiyo's technology to **efficiently and directly capture** CO₂ from the calciner at the source.
 - The concentration of CO₂ is made higher by replacing air with **oxygen** to support combustion.
- Advantages of the conventional NSP kiln are inherited.
 - The **high heat exchange performance** of the NSP kiln is maintained.
 - **Waste usage is at the same level** as, or higher level than, conventional kilns.

Carbon neutrality will be reached, with the CO₂ reduction (20%) through the use of carbon-free alternative energy and the natural CO₂ uptake (15%) by the concrete in service taken into account.

① Development of CO₂-capture Calciner

Small-scale demonstration equipment

Location: Sanyo Onoda City, Yamaguchi, Japan (in the premises of Onoda Plant, Taiheiyo Materials Corporation)

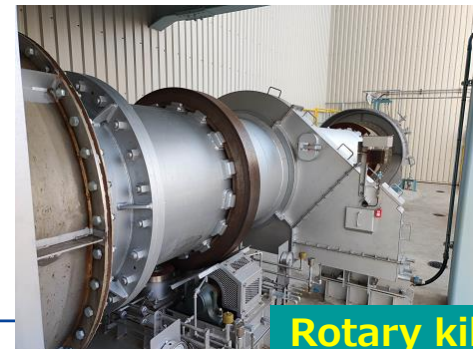


«Specifications of the equipment»

Clinker output: 5 t/day

CO₂ capture capacity: 2.4 t/day

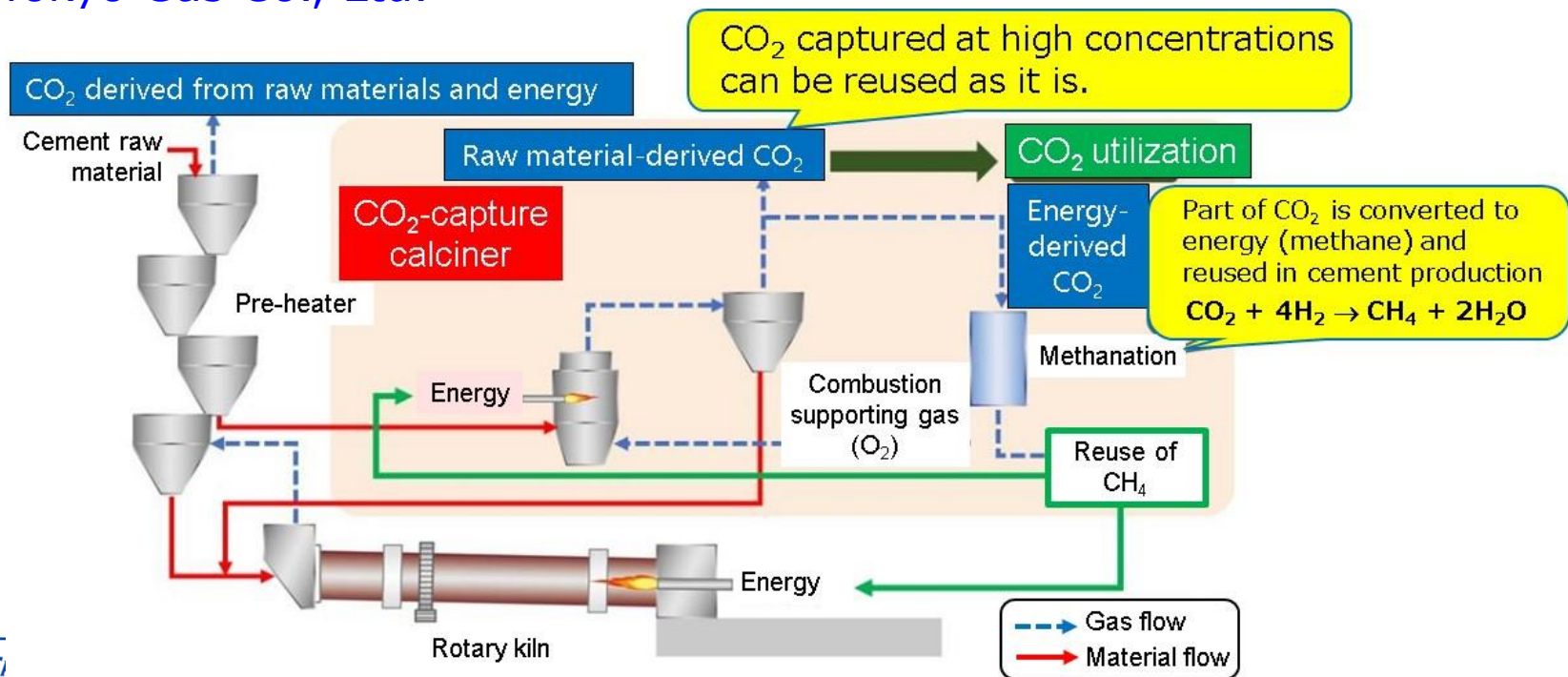
Methanation equipment: 300 Nm³ of methane/day



Rotary kiln

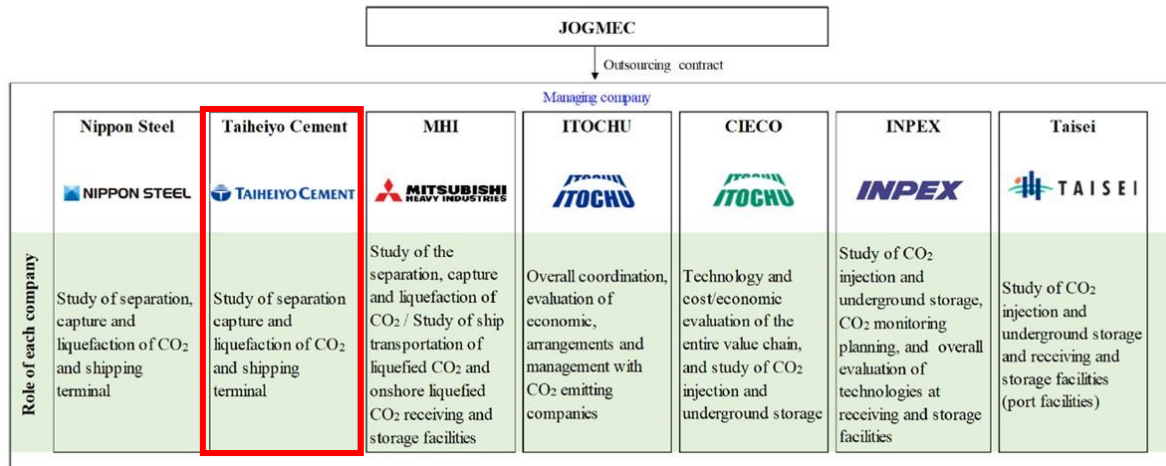
② Methanation Technology Suitable for the Cement Process

- Synthesized e-methane is produced by using the CO₂ captured at the CO₂-capture calciner, and reused as a thermal energy source for the kiln and calciner.
- The captured CO₂ has acid gases, oxygen and other components that inhibit the methanation catalyst, which requires development of pretreatment technology. ⇒ **Joint research with IHI Corporation**
- Feasibility study (FS) is required for injection of e-methane synthesized from the captured CO₂ to city gas pipelines. ⇒ **Joint research with Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.**



(3) JOGMEC Project (2023–): Japanese Advanced CCS Projects by JOGMEC

- ✓ CCS project in the Tohoku region on the Sea of Japan side
 - Capture CO₂ emitted by the hard-to-abate sectors including steel and cement industries.
 - Transport the captured CO₂ by ship.
 - Store the CO₂ offshore the Tohoku region on the Sea of Japan side.
- ✓ Consortium members and their roles



- ✓ Role of Taiheiyo Cement Group
 - Study on purification, liquefaction and shipping bases for CO₂ (captured by the C2SP kiln within the scope of the GI Fund project)
 - Examine Kawasaki Plant of DC Co., Ltd. as a possible model plant

Carbon Neutral Model Plant Plan

- ✓ Innovative CCUS (CO₂ capture, utilization and storage) technologies need to be introduced to make the cement sector carbon neutral.
- ✓ In our GI Fund project, real plant demonstration will start in 2026, and development of innovative technologies will be completed by 2030. ⇒ Our carbon neutral model plant will be realized in 2030.
- ✓ Study on Kawasaki Plant of DC Co., Ltd. for the carbon neutral model plant has been started (released on August 7, 2023).



Conceptual image of a CN Model Plant

Study points for the carbon neutral model plant:

- 1) GI Fund project: real plant demonstration of the CO₂-capturing cement production system (C2SP kiln®)
- 2) JOGMEC project: Feasibility Study on the Implementation of Advanced CCS Projects (2023)
- 3) Study on the carbon neutral model plant plan in which CO₂ capture, CO₂ utilization (CO₂ mineralization, methanation, etc.) and CO₂ storage technologies are implemented at the real plant level.

Summary and Future Development

- (1) We have set forth **the Carbon Neutral Strategy 2050**, seeking **to achieve carbon neutrality across the entire supply chain by 2050**. To reach the goal, a technology development roadmap and interim target for 2030 have been formulated.
- (2) Innovative CO₂ capture and utilization technologies need to be established for the achievement of carbon neutrality. Such efforts include the GI Fund-aided **development of our original CO₂ capture technology (C2SP kiln[®])** which is scheduled to be completed by 2030.
- (3) Commercial introduction will start with **plants in urban areas where hydrogen and waste concrete are easily available**, and then be expanded to our Group plants, including those overseas.
- (4) During the transition period until C2SP kiln[®] is widespread, **use of blended cements and other low-carbon cements** will be promoted in parallel.

Taiheiyo Cement Group will conduct its business activities in harmony not only with economic development, but also with environmental considerations and social contribution.

Thank you for your attention.